Quality Prediction (QP) Working Group

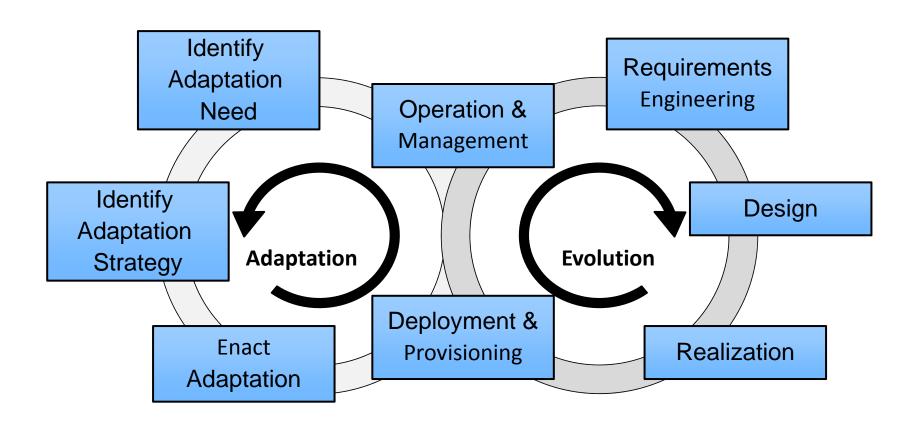
"Prediction is very difficult, especially if it's about the future."

Nils Bohr

Quality Prediction WG: Why?

- Initiated by observation that many people work on QP
 - S-Cube members: TUW, UPM, UniDue, ...
 - Associate members: IT Innovation, ...
 - External collaborators: SLA@SOI, ...
- Agreement on general problem, but different solutions:
 - Analytical
 - Estimates
 - Machine Learning
 - Design-time vs. run-time
- Understand in where and when the approaches work best
 - compare and contras
 - validate / experiment
- Foster joint research and publications
 - Also with JRA-1.2 (M&A) activities

• Step 1: Classify the approaches



• Step 2: Identify Synergies / Joint Research Challenges

Approach	Servi ce Con- sum er	Servi ce Provi der	Passi ve	Activ e	Q Attri.	SBA Layer	Artif act chec ked	Chec ked again st	Level of Auto mati on	Appli catio n Dom ain
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Inspired by framework introduced in

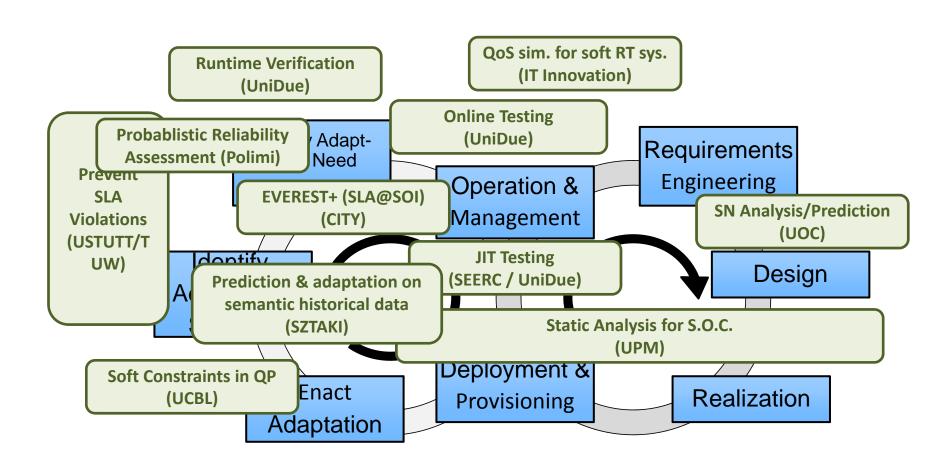
A. Metzger, S. Benbernou, M. Carro, M. Driss, G. Kecskemeti, R. Kazhamiakin, K. Krytikos, A. Mocci, E. D. Nitto, F. Silvestri, and B. Wetzstein, "Analytical quality assurance," in Service Research Challenges and Solutions for the Future: Towards Mechanisms and Methods for Engineering, Managing, and Adapting Service-Based Systems, M. Papazoglou, K. Pohl, M. Parkin, and A. Metzger, Eds. Heidelberg, Germany: Springer, 2010

Further Steps

- Publications
 - Joint Journal Articles
- Experimentation
 - 200 kEUR per Experiment on the BONfire facilities
- Workshop organisation
 - Expand MONA+ 2011 to more strongly consider QP
- Interrelating with M&A activities (JRA-1.2)
 - Prediction "method suite" as a building block
- More?

• ...

• Step 1: Classify the approaches



• Step 2: Identify Synergies / Joint Research Challenges

Approach	Service Consumer	Service Provider	Passive	Active	QAttri.	SBA Layer	Artifact checked	Checked against	Level of Autom.	Applicatio n Domain
Runtime Verif. (UniDue)	-	Х	X	-	Perform ance	SCC	Workflo w	Req, SLO	Full	eGov
Online Testing (UniDue)	Х	-	-	X	Perform ance	SCC	Service	SLO	Full (modulo Testing techn.)	eGov
JIT Testing (SEERC / UniDue)	X	(X)	-	Х	Protocol (fct.)	SCC	Service	Protocol Spec.	Full	eShop
Static Analysis for S.O.C. (UPM)										
Prevent SLA Viol. (USTUTT/TUW)	-	X	Х	-	KPIs (e.g., delivery time)	BPM, SCC	Post mortem data; live data	KPIs / SLAs	full	ý

• Step 2: Identify Synergies / Joint Research Challenges

Approach	Service Consumer	Service Provider	Passive	Active	QAttri.	SBA Layer	Artifact checked	Checked against	Level of Autom.	Applicatio n Domain
SN Prediction (UOC)	?	?	X	-	?	BPM	?	?	?	?
QoS sim. for soft RT sys. (IRMOS) (IT Innov.)		X	X		Perform ance	SCC/SI	Statecha rt model	SLO?	Full?	Media / Content
EVEREST+ (SLA@SOI) (CITY)	X	(X)	X	-	SLA (all SLOs)	BPM/SC C/SI	Moni. data	SLO	Full	?
Q Prediction (UCBL)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	Ş
Historical Data (SZTAKI)		X		X	QoS (delays, downtim es, etc.)	SI	Grid/Clo ud resource s, jobs	Original schedule	Full	Grid/Clo ud computi ng
Soft Constraints in QP (UCBL)	Х	-	X	-	generic	SCC	Workflo w, CSP	SLA, Reqs	Full	?
Probablistic Reliability Assessment (Polimi)	X	-	X	-	Reliabilit y	SCC	Markov chain model	Probailis tic Reqsd	Full	ý

Quality Prediction WG: Open issues

- Confidence / reliability / precision of quality of prediction
 - Can we rely on the predictions for triggering "pro-active" adaptations?
 - E.g., replacing a service provider with another one (rebinding) might incur higher operational costs (e.g., because of a switch from a free to a commercial provider), or exhibit faults which were not observed in the original service.
 - What are the "quality" indicators for a "reliable" prediction?
 - Post-mortem assessment of prediction error doesn't help in determining whether to adapt at the point in time when the actual prediction is made (we need to estimate the prediction error at the time of predicting)
- Testing mode for online testing
 - How can we perform online tests of services without interfering with their state / real world
 - Especially tricky for conversational services and services that are asynchronous
 / long-running (in which state changes are not triggered by the service users)